# Deloitte.

# ALTINUM FUNDS SICAV PLC

SV 309

Report and financial statements

31 August 2021

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### Directors, officers and other information

Directors:

Mr. Ivan Fsadni

Mr. David Galea Souchet Mr. Tom Anastasi Pace Mr. Michael Vella

Secretary:

Apex Corporate & Advisory Services Limited, (from 1 June 2021)

Quad Central, Q3 Level 9,

Triq L-Esportaturi

Zone 1, Central Business District

Birkirkara, CBD 1040

Malta

Mr. Maximilian Galea, (until 31 May 2021)

Level 14,

Portomaso Business Tower,

Portomaso,

St Julians, STJ 4011,

Malta

Registered office:

Quad Central, Q3 Level 9,

Triq L-Esportaturi

Zone 1, Central Business District

Birkirkara, CBD 1040

Malta

Country of incorporation:

Malta

Company registration

Number:

SV 309

Auditor:

Deloitte Audit Limited,

Deloitte Place,

Triq L-Intornjatur, Zone 3

Central Business District, CBD 3050

Malta

Investment manager:

Praude Asset Management Limited,

Level 14,

Portomaso Business Tower,

Portomaso,

St. Julians, STJ 4011,

Malta

### Directors, officers and other information (continued)

Custodian:

Sparkasse Bank Malta plc,

101 Town Square,

Ix-Xatt Ta' Qui-Si-Sana, Sliema, SLM3112,

Malta

Broker:

Banca Akros, (from 14 December 2020)

20149 Milano, Viale Eginardo, 29

Administrator and registrar:

Apex Fund Services (Malta) Limited,

Quad Central, Q3 Level 9,

Triq L-Esportaturi

Zone 1, Central Business District

Birkirkara, CBD 1040

Malta

Legal advisor:

Camilleri Preziosi Advocates,

Level 3, Valletta Buildings,

South Street,

Valletta, VLT 1103,

Malta

Compliance officer:

Mr. Carl Zammit

12, Tigne Place,

Suite 1/4a, Tigne Street,

Sliema, SLM 3173,

Malta

### **Directors' report**

Year ended 31 August 2021

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Altinum Funds SICAV plc (the "Company") for the year ended 31 August 2021.

### **Description of Company**

The Company is an investment company with variable share capital with limited liability incorporated under the Laws of Malta. The Company is licenced by the Malta Financial Services Authority with licence number PIF/309A to carry out the activities of a collective investment scheme in the form of an Alternative Investment Fund pursuant to article 6 of the Investment Services Act, 1994.

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activity of the Company is to achieve its investment objectives as defined in its Offering Memorandum and Offering Supplement. The Company has one sub-fund, the Altinum Fund (the "sub-fund"), which during the year had one class of investor shares: Class A.

The Investment objective of the Altinum Fund is to invest in listed equities, bonds, derivative financial instruments and to a limited extent in unlisted equities, bonds and derivative financials instruments, in order to achieve capital appreciation and secondary income in all market situations. There is no guarantee that the sub-fund will achieve its investment objectives.

#### Compliance with standard license conditions (SLCs) and regulatory sanctions

During the period under review the Company did not provide the Authority with the 30 day notification period prior to the change in registered address of the Company as is stipulated in SLC 1.06 [II] but 19 day prior notice was provided. No administrative penalties or regulatory sanctions have been imposed. The Company does not change its registered address often, yet it has given the Authority the necessary comfort that in the event that the registered office is changed in the future, the necessary time frame will be adhered to. Furthermore, the Director's confirm that during the period under review, there were no other breaches of the standard license conditions and no breaches of regulatory requirements which were subject to any administrative penalty or regulatory sanction.

#### Performance Review

In the year under review the Altinum Fund had subscriptions of EUR3,125,000 (year ended 31 August 2020: EUR3,600,019) from investors and had redemptions amounting to EUR2,533,482 (year ended 31 August 2020: EUR3,806,242).

The Company registered a profit of EUR3,867,848 (year ended 31 August 2020: profit of EUR1,944,063). Net Assets attributable to holders of investor shares at the end of the year amounted to EUR39,650,611 (year ended 31 August 2020: EUR35,191,245).

### Directors' report (continued)

Year ended 31 August 2021

#### Results and Distribution

The results for the year ended 31 August 2021 are shown in the Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 8. No dividend is paid out as the entire net income of the Company is accumulated within the sub-fund and reflected in the net asset value.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year were:

Mr. Tom Anastasi Pace (until 10 May 2021)

Mr. Michael Vella (from 11 May 2021)

Mr. David Galea Souchet

Mr. Ivan Fsadni

In accordance with the company's articles of association the directors are to remain in office.

#### **Auditors**

A resolution to reappoint Deloitte Audit Limited as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

Approved by the board of directors and signed on 23 February 2022 by:

Mr. Ivan Fsadni

Director

Mr. David Galea Souchet

Director

### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are required by the Companies Act (Cap. 386) to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and practices, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of each financial year and of the profit or loss of the Company for the year then ended. In preparing the financial statements, the directors should:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable; and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business as a going concern.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and which enable the directors to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act (Cap. 386). This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company, and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Additionally, the directors of a multi-fund Company are responsible for ensuring that such separate records, accounts, statements and other records are kept as may be necessary to evidence the liabilities and assets of each sub-fund as distinct and separate from the assets and liabilities of other sub funds in the same Company.

# Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income Year ended 31 August 2021

		Year from 1 September 2020 to 31 August 2021	Year from 1 September 2019 to 31 August 2020
	Notes	EUR	EUR
Investment income			
Dividend income		198,108	94,919
Interest income		690,180	310,583
Other income		-	2,355
Net gain on financial instruments at fair value			·
through profit or loss		4,325,086	1,967,929
			8 100
Net investment income		5,213,374	2,375,786
Administrator fees	5	26,405	15,650
Audit fees		6,189	6,201
Custodian fees	5	18,974	36,321
Directors' fees		26,301	33,588
Legal fees	_	5,192	15,575
Management fees	5	230,466	207,880
Performance fees	5	925,545	43,287
Other expenses		52,414	39,908
Interest expenses Transaction costs		1,085	7,900
Commission and other charges		2,318 33,425	3,600
Commission and other charges		33,425	9,243
Operating expenses	•	1,328,314	419,153
Change in net assets attributable to holders of investor shares before withholding tax Withholding tax paid on behalf of holders of		3,885,060	1,956,633
investor shares	ı <del>.</del>	(17,212)	(12,570)
Change in net assets attributable to holders of investor shares	_	3,867,848	1,944,063
	:=		

### Statement of financial position

Year ended 31 August 2021

		2021	2020
*	Notes	EUR	EUR
Assets			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	38,370,618	33,114,966
Trade and other receivables	7	218,266	88,777
Due from broker		23,292	=
Cash and cash equivalents	10	2,280,522	4,349,707
Total acceta		40.000.000	07.550.450
Total assets		40,892,698	37,553,450
Liabilities			
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	6	189,450	111,240
Trade and other payables	8	1,052,637	144,363
Due to broker		-	2,031,602
Subscriptions received in advance		=	75,000
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable	!		
to holders of investor shares)		1,242,087	2,362,205
Net assets attributable to holders of investor			
shares		39,650,611	35 101 2 <i>4E</i>
Silaics	, *	33,030,011	35,191,245

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors, authorised for issue on 23 February 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr. Iv<mark>a</mark>n Fsadni

Director

Mr. David Galea Souchet

Director

# Statement of changes in net assets attributable to holders of investor shares

Year ended 31 August 2021

	Year from 1 September 2020 to 31 August 2021 EUR	Year from 1 September 2019 to 31 August 2020 EUR
Net assets attributable to holders of investor shares at the beginning of the year Creation of investor shares Redemption of investor shares Change in net asset attributable to holders of investor shares	35,191,245 3,125,000 (2,533,482) 3,867,848	33,453,405 3,600,019 (3,806,242) 1,944,063
Net asset attributable to holders of investor shares at the end of the year	39,650,611	35,191,245

### Statement of cash flows

Year ended 31 August 2021

	A Jy Standard Control of the Control	and the same of th
	Year from	Year from
	1 September 2020	1 September 2019
	to 31 August 2021	to 31 August 2020
	EUR	EUR
Cash flows (used in)/from operating activities		
Net bond and bank interest received	559,843	266,462
Dividend income received	200,685	92,342
Operating expenses paid	(420,684)	(353,069)
Income taxes paid	(17,212)	(12,570)
Interest expense paid	(1,085)	(7,900)
(Decrease)/increase in due to broker	(2,031,602)	2,031,602
Increase in due from broker	(23,292)	·-·
Net cash flows (used in)/from operating activities	(1,733,347)	2,016,867
Cash flows (used in)/from investing activities Payment to acquire financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Receipts from disposal of financial assets and	(41,374,651)	(59,322,127)
liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	40,522,295	61,423,689
Cash flows (used in)/from investing activities	(852,356)	2,101,562
Cash flows from/(used in) financing activities		
Amount received on creation of investor shares	3,050,000	3,675,019
Amount paid on redemption of investor shares	(2,533,482)	(3,806,242)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	516,518	(131,223)
Net movement in cash and cash equivalents	(2,069,185)	3,987,206
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	4,349,707	362,501
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		
(note 10)	2,280,522	4,349,707

### Notes to the financial statements

31 August 2021

### 1. Company information and basis of preparation

Altinum Fund SICAV PLC ("the Company") has constituted one sub-fund which is a segregated patrimony of assets and during the year under review was represented by one class of share. These financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company which include the following sub-fund licensed at 23 April 2014: Altinum Fund ("the sub-fund").

The Company is domiciled in Malta and registered as an Alternative Investor Fund licensed by the Malta Financial Services Authority as a multi-fund limited liability company with variable share capital targeting experienced investors pursuant to the Companies Act (Cap. 386), with registration number SV309 and registered office is level 14, Portomaso Business lower, St.Julians, Malta.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are stated at their fair values and in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU. The significant accounting policies adopted are set out below.

### 2. Significant accounting policies

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised at their fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs for all financial assets or financial liabilities not classified at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when the company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire or when the entity transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when they are extinguished. This occurs when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

### (i) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are classified with assets and are stated at their nominal value unless effect of discounting is material. Appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

#### (ii) Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost or measured at Fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) on the basis of both:

- The entity's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- The contractual cash How characteristics of the financial asset.

#### Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset, is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets measured at amortised cost include debt securities, accrued income, other receivables (representing amounts receivable for transactions contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the period) and cash and cash equivalents.

An assessment of business models for managing financial assets is fundamental to the classification of a financial asset. The Company determines the business models at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective.

For financial assets at amortised cost, appropriate allowances for expected credit losses ('ECLs') are recognised in profit or loss in accordance with the Company's accounting policy on ECLs.

### Financial assets at FVTPL

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL if it is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell or its contractual terms do not give rise on specified dates to cash (lows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

At initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset as measured at FVTPL when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

The Company includes in this category, derivative contracts in an asset position, financial assets classified as held for trading and financial assets managed, evaluated and reported on a fair value basis in accordance with the Funds' documented investment strategy, which are mandatorily measured at FVTPL.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

### (iii) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not classified at FVTPL are classified at amortised cost. Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost include other payables (representing amounts payable for transactions contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the period) and overdrawn bank balances.

Financial liabilities measured at FVTPL

A financial liability is measured at FVTPL if it meets the definition of held for trading. The Company includes in this category, derivative financial liabilities.

Recognition, derecognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade date, the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets or financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs for all financial instruments carried at FVTPL are expensed as incurred. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows expire or when the entity transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition. Financial liabilities are derecognised when they are extinguished. This occurs when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when the company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL arc measured at fair value. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL category are included in the Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Interest and dividends earned or paid on these instruments are recorded in 'net gain/(loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss' and 'dividend income' in the Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Financial assets, other than those classified as at FVTPL, are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any allowance for impairment. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in the Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in the Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities, other than those classified as at FVTPL, are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

#### (iii) Financial liabilities (continued)

The fair value of financial instruments listed or dealt on a regulated market, is based on the latest available dealing price, appearing to the Directors. The fair values of unquoted investments are established by using valuation techniques. These include reference to recent financial statements and similar financial instruments as well as option pricing models.

#### Impairment

The Company recognises a loss allowance for ECLs on the following - financial assets at amortised cost.

Under IFRS 9, loss allowances are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- Lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, except for the following, which are measured as 12-month ECLs:

- Financial assets that are determined to have a low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- Other financial assets for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. In this regard, the Company has an internal credit scoring system in place that analyses the credit quality of the counterparties accordingly. Such credit scoring system takes into consideration both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment, and also considers the counterparties' macroeconomic context.

The Company has elected the rebuttable presumption from IFRS 9 by assuming that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if the financial asset is more than 30 days past due.

Moreover, if the counterparty becomes downgraded by two notches (or more) based on the credit score assessment, the Company deems the financial asset's credit risk to have increased significantly.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

### (iii) Financial liabilities (continued)

Moreover, the Company considers a financial asset to be in default when:

- The borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Company in full, without recourse by the Company to actions such as realizing security (if any is held); or
- The financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

The maximum period considered when estimated ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

### (iv) Realised and unrealised gains and losses

Investment transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Realised gains or losses on investments are calculated on a weighted average cost and are disclosed within net gain/loss on financial assets at fair value through profit of loss in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### (v) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated at their nominal value unless the effect of discounting is material.

### (vi) Net assets attributable to shareholders

The liability to participating shareholders is presented in the statement of financial position as "Net assets attributable to holders of investor shares" and is determined based on the residual assets of the company after deducting all other liabilities.

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and these can be measured reliably. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### (i) Interest income

Interest income on structured products is recognised when there is a right to receive payment. Interest income on all other interest bearing securities is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the asset's net carrying amount.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

#### (ii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established. Dividend income relating to exchange-traded equity securities and dividend expense relating to exchange-traded equity securities sold short are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on the ex-dividend date.

#### **Taxation**

The taxation of collective investment schemes is based on the classification of funds into prescribed or non-prescribed funds in accordance with the Collective Investment Schemes (Investment Income) Regulations, 2001.

The Company, qualifies as a non-prescribed fund in terms of these regulations on the basis that the value of the fund's assets situated in Malta are less than 85% of the value of its total assets. Accordingly the income and capital gains of the Company are not subject to Malta income tax pursuant to the provisions of the Income Tax Act (Cap. 123).

Foreign tax withheld on dividend income is accounted for when the company recognises the related dividend or interest in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

### Currency translation

As allowed by sub-legislation 386.02 of the Companies Act (Investment Companies with Variable Share Capital) Regulations, a company with fund whose capital is denominated in different currencies may elect to present its financial statements in any one of these currencies. Consequently, the financial statements of the company are presented in the functional currency, the Euro, according to its Memorandum and Articles of Association.

Transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are translated at the exchange rates ruling on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are re-translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate ruling at year-end.

#### Fees, commission and other expenses

Fees, commission and other expenses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on accrual basis.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand held in respect of open future and option contracts.

#### Distributions

Distributions are recognised as liabilities in the period in which they are declared.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

### 3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made no judgements which can significantly affect the amounts recognised in the financial statements. At the reporting date, there were no key assumptions concerning the future, or any other key sources of estimation uncertainty, most have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

### 4. International Financial Reporting Standards issued and effective during the year

IAS 1 & IAS 8 Amendment - Definition of material

The amendments clarify the definition of material and how it should be applied by including in the definition guidance that until now has featured elsewhere in IFRS Standards. In addition, the explanations accompanying the definition have been improved. Finally, the amendments ensure that the definition of material is consistent across all IFRS Standards. These amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020. None of these amendments are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Company.

# The Conceptual Framework and Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards

The main purpose of the Framework is to guide the IASB when it develops International Financial Reporting Standards. The Framework can also be helpful for preparers and auditors when there are no specific or similar standards that address a particular issue. The Framework is not a Standard and it does not override any Standard or any requirement in a Standard.

The Conceptual Framework does not have a stated effective date and the IASB will start using it immediately. For companies that use the Conceptual Framework to develop accounting policies when no IFRS Standard applies to a particular transaction, the revised Conceptual Framework is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020, with earlier application permitted. The Amendments to References are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020.

IFRS in issue but not yet effective

### Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7 - Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

The amendments deal with issues affecting financial reporting in the period before the replacement of an existing interest rate benchmark with an alternative interest rate and address the implications for specific hedge accounting requirements.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

#### Amendments to IAS 1 - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current

The amendments affect only the presentation of liabilities in the statement of financial position — not the amount or timing of recognition of any asset, liability income or expenses, or the information that entities disclose about those items. They:

- clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current should be based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period and align the wording in all affected paragraphs to refer to the "right" to defer settlement by at least twelve months and make explicit that only rights in place "at the end of the reporting period" should affect the classification of a liability;
- clarify that classification is unaffected by expectations about whether an entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of a liability; and
- make clear that settlement refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, other assets or services.

These amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU.

The Directors anticipate that the adoption of other International Financial Reporting Standards that were in issue at the date of authorisation of these financial statements, but not yet effective, will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Company in the period of initial application.

#### 5. Fees

### (i) Management fees

Altinum Fund - The Investment Manager, Praude Asset Management Limited, receives an Investment Management Fee as follows:

Class A Investor Shares: 0.6% per annum of the Net Asset Value calculated on the Net Asset Value of the sub-fund on every valuation day, or the previous day if such a day is not a business day.

The management fee borne by the Company during the financial year ended 31 August 2021 was that of *EUR230,466* (year ended 31 August 2020: *EUR207,880*).

### (ii) Performance fees

Altinum Fund - The Investment Manager, Praude Asset Management Limited, receives a performance fee calculated on the basis of the Net Asset Value per share. The performance fee shall be equal to 20% in the case of Class A Investor Shares, of the percentage increase in the Net Asset Value per Investor Share on the Calculation Point (before the deduction of the Performance Fee) over and above one percent (1 %) hurdle rate plus the 3 month EURIBOR per annum, multiplied by the Net Asset Value per share at the previous Calculation Point and the average number of Investor Shares in issue between the Calculation Point and the previous Calculation Point.

The performance fee borne by the Company during the financial year ended 31 August 2021 was that of *EUR925,545* (year ended 31 August 2020: *EUR43,287*).

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

#### 5. Fees (continued)

(iii) Administrator fees

Altinum Fund - Apex Fund Services (Malta) Limited appointed as the Administrator, received a fee of:

Up to EUR50 million

6 basis points per annum of NAV

From EUR50 million to EUR100 million

4 basis points per annum of NAV

Greater than EUR100 million

2 basis points per annum of NAV

Subject to a minimum fee of EUR24,000 per annum of the NAV.

The administrator fee borne by the Company during the financial year ended 31 August 2021 was that of *EUR26,405* (year ended 31 August 2020: *EUR15,650*)

#### (iv) Custodian fees

Altinum Fund - Sparkasse Bank Malta p.l.c. appointed as the Custodian, received a fee of 0.03% per annum based upon the average monthly closing balances for the quarter and a fee of 0.025% per annum for Depository services.

The custodian fee borne by the Company during the financial year ended 31 August 2021 amounted to *EUR18,974* (year ended 31 August 2020: *EUR36,321*).

### 6. Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	2021 Fair	% of	% of
	value	net	total
	EUR	assets	assets
Financial assets classified as held for trading			
-Equity instruments	13,110,315	33.06%	32.06%
-Debt instruments	25,046,823	63.17%	61.25%
-Exchange traded funds	209,560	0.53%	0.51%
-Equity warrants	3,920	0.01%	0.01%
	38,370,618	96.77%	93.83%
	2021		
	Fair	% of	% of
	value	net	total
	EUR	assets	liabilities
Financial liabilities classified as held for trading			
-Futures	(189,450)	(0.48%)	(15.27%)

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

### 6. Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

2021: 1	Investments	in	futures

2021: Investments in futures			
	1	lotional	Fair value
		ounts of	of futures
		tures at	at year-end
Details		e end of	<b>,</b>
		he year	
		EUR	EUR
IKU1 EUX September 2021	(7.5	311,210)	(136,150)
STU1 MIL September 2021		81,300)	(53,300)
		92,510)	
	(10,0	92,510)	(189,450)
Further details on the other financial instruments are	provided in note 12	2.	
	2020		
	Fair	% of	% of
	value	net	total
	EUR	assets	assets
Financial assets classified as held for trading			
-Equity instruments	20,547,816	58.39%	54.72%
-Debt instruments	12,354,150	35.11%	32.90%
-Exchange traded funds	199,700	0.57%	0.53%
-Futures	13,300	0.04%	0.04%
	33,114,966	94.11%	88.19%
	2020		
	Fair	% of	% of
	value	net	% of total
	EUR	assets	liabilities
	LOIN	assets	liabilities
Financial liabilities classified as held for trading			
-Futures	(111,240)	(0.32%)	(4.71%)

# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

6.	Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through p	rofit or loss (continued)	
	2020: Investments in futures		
	Details	Notional amounts of futures at the end of the year EUR	Fair value of futures at year-end EUR
	IKU0 EUX September 2020 STU0 MIL September 2020	(2,631,780) (3,434,200) (6,065,980)	(111,240) 13,300 (97,940)
	Further details on the other financial instruments are prov		(**,10.10)
7.	Trade and other receivables		
		2021 EUR	2020 EUR
	Accrued interest Dividend receivables Prepaid expenses and other debtors	210,574 - 7,692	80,237 2,577 5,963
3.	Trade and other payables	218,266	88,777
		2021 EUR	2020 EUR
	Performance fees payables Accruals	925,545 127,092	43,287 101,076

Included in accruals are management fees payable which are due to related parties. The terms and conditions of these related parties payables are disclosed in note 11.

144,363

1,052,637

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

### 9. Share capital

Authorised share capital

The Company may issue up to a maximum of five billion one thousand fully-paid up shares without any nominal value assigned to them.

Issued share capital

The initial share capital of the Company is one thousand Euros, with no nominal value, representing 1,000 founder shares issued at an initial price of 1 Euro.

The share capital of the Company shall have no nominal value and shall at all times be equal to the Net Asset Value of the Company. Each sub-fund shall constitute a separate class of shares in the Company, except for the founder shares, which shall not constitute a separate sub-fund. Each sub-fund shall be constituted by separate classes of shares.

Founder shares shall be the only class of shares in the Company carrying voting rights and shall rank pari passu among themselves in all respects. All other classes of shares shall not, unless the terms under which they are issued provide otherwise, be entitled to vote. The Founder Shares do not carry a right to participate in any dividends or other distributions of the Company or in the assets of the Company on a winding up (other than the return of the paid up capital after payment of all amounts due to the Investor Shares).

Investor shares may be issued and redeemed at prices based on the value of the sub-fund's net asset value as determined in accordance with the articles of association.

The Company's obligations in connection with the redemption of the investor shares are disclosed in the liquidity risk section of note 13. The directors do not envisage that the contractual obligations disclosed in that note will be representative of the actual cash outflows. The Investor Shares of the fund participate in the assets and in any dividends, and distributions of the Company upon liquidation.

Investor shares

Shares Class A 293,985.021 24,343.718

Number of

Balance as at 1 September 2020 Issue of investor shares during the year Redemption of investor shares during the year Balance as at 31 August 2021

(19,276.925) 299,051.814

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

### 9. Share capital (continued)

Investor shares (continued)

Number of Shares Class A

Balance as at 1 September 2019 Issue of investor shares during the year Redemption of investor shares during the year Balance as at 31 August 2020

295,882.285 30,252.736 (32,150.000) 293,985.021

The amounts received and paid on the creation and redemption of shares are disclosed in the statement of changes in net assets attributable to holders of investor shares on page 10.

### 10. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents included in the statement of cash flows comprise bank balances. The following statement lists the financial position amounts;

		2021	2020
		EUR	EUR
Collateral cash		680,381	-
Cash at bank	_	1,600,141	4,349,707
	_	2,280,522	4,349,707

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on bank deposit rates.

#### 11. Related party disclosure

During the year, the Company entered into transactions with key management personnel as set out below:

Mr. Michael Vella is both a director of the Company and director of Praude Asset Management Limited, the investment manager of the sub-fund. During the year under review, the Company incurred management fees amounting to *EUR230,466* (year ended 31 August 2020: *EUR207,880*) and performance fees amounting to *EUR925,545* (year ended 31 August 2020: *EUR43,287*). Directors' fees amounting to *EUR26,301* (year ended 31 August 2020: *EUR33,588*) were incurred during the year.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

#### 12. Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

At 31 August 2021 and 2020, the fair value of listed investments is based on quoted prices in an active market at the end of the reporting period. Pursuant to the adoption of IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement", the quoted market price used for financial assets and liabilities held by the Company is the price within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of the fair value in the circumstances to be used to measure fair value. The fair values of derivative contracts are valued by reference to the price at which a new contract of the same size and maturity could be undertaken at valuation date. At 31 August 2021 and 2020 the carrying amounts of other financial assets and financial liabilities classified with assets and liabilities respectively approximated their fair values due to short term maturities of these assets and liabilities.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The Company classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable requires significant judgment by the Company. The Company considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

### 12. Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value for 31 August 2021.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value as at 31 August 2021

	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Financial assets held for trading				
- Equity instruments	13,110,315	13,110,315	-	-
- Debt instruments	25,046,823	22,353,613	2,693,210	-
- Exchange traded funds	209,560	209,560	-	-
- Equity warrant	3,920	3,920	-	-
	38,370,618	35,677,408	2,693,210	-
Financial liabilities held for trading				
- Futures	(189,450)	(189,450)	_	_

The following table analysis within the fair value hierarchy the Company's assets and liabilities not measured at fair value for which fair value is disclosed:

2021	Level 1 EUR	Level 2 EUR	Level 3 EUR	Total EUR
Assets				
Trade and other receivables	, <del>-</del> 1	218,266	: <b>-</b> :	218,266
Due from broker	-	23,292		23,292
=	-	241,558		241,558
Liabilities				
Trade and other payables  Net assets attributable to holders of		1,052,637	-	1,052,637
investor shares		39,650,611	_	39,650,611
Total	-	40,703,248	-	40,703,248

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

### 12. Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value as at 31 August 2020

	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Financial assets held for trading				
<ul> <li>Equity instruments</li> </ul>	20,547,816	20,045,302	502,514	
- Debt instruments	12,354,150	12,354,150	·-	<b>=</b>
<ul> <li>Exchange traded funds</li> </ul>	199,700	199,700	_	-
- Futures	13,300	13,300	y <del>-</del>	_
	33,114,966	32,612,452	502,514	
				li li
Financial liabilities held for trading				
- Futures	(111,240)	(111,240)	_	_

The following table analysis within the fair value hierarchy the Company's assets and liabilities not measured at fair value for which fair value is disclosed:

2020	Level 1 EUR	Level 2 EUR	Level 3 EUR	Total EUR
Assets				
Trade and other receivables	-	88,777	=	88,777
	-	88,777	-	88,777
Liabilities				
Trade and other payables	-	144,363	=	144,363
Due to broker	-	2,031,602	-	2,031,602
Subscriptions received in advance Net assets attributable to holders of	-	75,000	=	75,000
investor shares		35,191,245	=	35,191,245
Total		37,442,210	-	37,442,210

The fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities are not materially different from their carrying amounts.

Cash and cash equivalents include deposits held with banks and collateral cash.

The fees payable and accruals represent the contractual amounts and obligations due by the Company for settlement of expenses.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

### 12. Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

The puttable value of investor shares is calculated based on the net difference between total assets and all other liabilities of the sub-fund in accordance with the offering documents. A demand feature is attached to these shares, as they are redeemable at the holders' option and can be put back to the sub-fund at any dealing dale for cash equal to a proportionate share of the sub-fund's net asset value attributable to the share class. The fair value is based on the amount payable on demand, discounted from the first date that the amount could be required to be paid. The impact of discounting in this instance is not material. As such, Level 2 is deemed to be the most appropriate categorisation for net assets attributable to holders of investor shares.

#### 13. Financial risk management

#### Risk management

Where possible, the Company aims to reduce and control risk concentrations. Concentrations of financial risk arise when financial instruments with similar characteristics are influenced in the same way by changes in economic or other factors. The amount of the risk exposure associated with financial instruments sharing similar characteristics is disclosed in more detail in the notes to the financial statements.

The activities of the Company expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

#### Market risk

The Company trades in financial instruments, taking positions in traded instruments including derivatives. All securities present a risk of loss of capital. The Company moderates this risk through a careful selection of securities and other financial instruments within specifies limits. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments. The Company's overall market positions are monitored on a regular basis by the company's investment manager.

The Company's exposure to the different types of investments is summarised in note 6 to the financial statements.

At the year-end, the Company's market risk is affected by three main components: changes in actual market prices, interest rates and foreign currency movements, all of which are covered below.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

#### 13. Financial risk management (continued)

#### Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of an instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer or all other factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

The Company's equity, debt instruments and trading derivative financial instruments are susceptible to price risk asking from uncertainties about future prices of the instruments.

As all of the Company's financial instruments are carried at fair value with fair value changes recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, all changes in the market price will directly affect net investment income as shown in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 8.

Price risk is mitigated by the Company's investment manager by constructing a diversified portfolio of instruments traded on various markets. In addition, price risk may be hedged using derivative financial instruments such as forwards, futures and options. The Company may employ various techniques and enter into hedging transactions to attempt to mitigate a portion of the risks inherent to its investment strategies. The Company did not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes and had not designated any of its derivative financial instruments in a hedging relationship for accounting purposes.

The following is an analysis of the Company's industry diversification as at the reporting date:

	2021	2020
	%	%
Financial services industry	13.78	9.53
Basic materials	2.23	1.04
Industrial	34.44	40.01
Consumer, Cyclical	6.22	-
Consumer, Non-cyclical	4.49	-
Consumer services	4.53	4.45
Consumer goods	24.01	15.97
Communications	0.93	0.30
Energy	1.26	-
Health care	-	19.41
Manufacturing		0.48
Non-financial corporations	0.52	_
Technology	2.81	1.44
Utilities	1.54	-
Other	(0.47)	1.15
	96.29	93.78

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

### 13. Financial risk management (continued)

Price risk (continued)

Due to COVID-19, current market conditions are volatile, exposing the company to higher price risks. The situation is on-going and being monitored by the portfolio manager of the company's sub-fund.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognised should changes in interest rates adversely affect the value of the Company's investments.

At the statement of financial position date, 62.13% (2020: 47.47%) of the financial assets of the Company are interest bearing. Management monitors the movement in interest rates and, where possible, reacts to material movements in such rates by restructuring its financing structure.

Except as mentioned above, the financial instruments of the Company are non-interest bearing except for cash at bank which earns interest at floating rates based on bank deposit rates.

Investment in equity instruments and derivative financial instruments are not exposed to interest rate risk.

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments carrying a rate of interest at the reporting date are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Currency risk

Currency fluctuations between the base currency of the Company, and the currency of the underlying investments of the Company, may adversely affect the portion of the value of investments and the income derived therefrom. At 31 August 2021, 2.16% of the sub-fund's net assets are denominated in USD (2020: 0%), 0.48% of the sub-fund's net assets are denominated in GBP (2020: 0%), 3.72% of the sub-fund's net assets are denominated in NOK (2020: 3.75%), 0.53% of the sub-fund's net assets are denominated in SEK (2020: 0%), and 6.50% of the sub-fund's net assets are denominated in CHF (2020: 0.89%).

The risk arising from foreign currency transactions is managed by regular monitoring of the relevant rates and management's reactions to material movement thereto.

#### Sensitivity analysis

For financial instruments held or issued, the Company has used sensitivity analysis techniques that measure the change in the fair value of the Company's financial instruments at the reporting date for hypothetical changes in the relevant market risk variables.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

### 13. Financial risk management (continued)

Currency risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis (continued)

The sensitivity of profit or loss due to changes in the relevant risk variables are set out below. The amounts generated from the sensitivity analysis are forward-looking estimates of market risk assuming certain market conditions. Actual results in the future may differ materially from those projected results due to the inherent uncertainty of global financial markets. The sensitivity analysis is for illustrative purposes only, as in practice market rates rarely change in isolation and are likely to be interdependent.

The estimated change in fair values for changes in financial instruments prices is based on an instantaneous increase or decrease of 10% at the reporting date, with all other variables remaining constant.

The estimated change in fair values for changes in market interest rates are based on an instantaneous increase or decrease of 200 basis points at the reporting date, with all other variables remaining constant.

	Profit or loss	Profit or loss
	2021	2020
	EUR	EUR
Financial instruments prices	+/-3,818,117	+/-3,300,373
Market interest rates – fair value	+/-500,936	+/-247,083

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Company's offering documents provide for the creation and cancellation of shares, and are therefore exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting shareholders' redemptions at any time.

The Company is exposed to cash redemptions of investor shares every 15 days with 5 business days' notice. Investor shares are redeemed on demand at the holder's option. Notwithstanding the Company has the option to limit the number of investor shares redeemed on any redemption day to 10% of the total net asset of value of the Company on that redemption day. In addition the directors have the right to suspend the calculation of the net asset value and no redemptions shall take place during such period. All other liabilities are due within one to three months.

A significant portion of the Company's assets is maintained as cash and cash equivalents in order to meet unexpected redemptions and other liabilities. In addition the Company's listed securities are considered to be readily realisable as they are listed on recognised stock exchanges.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

### 13. Financial risk management (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

The following tables show the contractual, undiscounted cash flows of the Company's financial liabilities at 31 August 2021 and 2020.

2021	Less than 1 month EUR	1-3 months EUR	Total EUR
Financial liabilities			
Derivative instruments	189,450	-	189,450
Other fees payable  Net assets attributable to participating	-	1,051,292	1,051,292
shareholders	39,650,611	-	39,650,611
2020	Less than	1-3	
	1 month	months	Total
Financial liabilities	EUR	EUR	EUR
Derivative instruments	111,240	-	111,240
Other fees payable	_	144,363	144,363
Due to broker	~	2,031,602	2,031,602
Subscriptions received in advance Net assets attributable to participating	=	75,000	75,000
shareholders	35,191,245	-	35,191,245

In accordance with the Company's policy, the investment manager monitors the Company's liquidity position on a regular basis.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that it has entered into with the Company. The Company has policies that limit the amount of credit exposure to any single issuer. Accordingly, the investment manager monitors the Company's credit position on a regular basis. Financial assets, which potentially subject the Company to credit risk, consist principally of trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and debt instruments.

Trade and other receivables mainly constitute accrued income and preplaced transactions. These receivables are all short-term. Accordingly, the Company has no significant credit risk in respect of accounts receivable.

Cash and cash equivalents and derivative instruments are respectively held and entered into with reputable counterparties.

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

### 13. Financial risk management (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

Credit risk arising on other debt instruments held in 2021 was mitigated by investing in rated instruments issued by rated counter parties as shown below:

2021	Credit rating	Market value 2021 EUR	% of net assets
AKKA TECHNOLOGIES	NR	993,690	2.51
FJORD 1 ASA	NR	493,712	1.25
FUGRO NV	NR	500,730	1.26
GREENYARD FRESH	NR	7,566,900	19.08
GROUPE ACROTEC	NR	1,852,923	4.67
ILLIMITY BANK SP	NR	101,980	0.26
ILLIMITY BANK SPA	NR	522,830	1.32
ITALIAN WINE BRANDS	NR	123,079	0.31
MARCOLIN SPA	B-	154,359	0.39
NET INSURANCE SPA	NR	1,313,510	3.31
NET INSURANCE SPA	NR	1,379,700	3.48
PUBLIC POWER CORP	B+	522,920	1.32
ROSSINI SARL	В	1,005,410	2.54
SOFIMA HOLDING S.P.A	В	2,015,080	5.08
SUPERSTRADA PEDE VENETA	NR	6,500,000	16.39
2020	Credit	Market	% of net
	rating	value 2020 EUR	assets
FJORD 1 ASA	NR	484,698	1.38
GREENYARD FRESH NV	NR -	2,436,084	6.92
MARCOLIN SPA	B-	1,617,602	4.60
SOC CATTOLICA ASSICURAZI	BB	604,986	1.72
SOGEFI (SOIM)	NR	938,780	2.67
SUPERSTRADA PEDE VENETA	NR	6,272,000	17.82
		no according to Total	1.00

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

### 13. Financial risk management (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

Offsetting financial assets and liabilities

As at 31 August 2021 and 2020, the Company did not enter into master netting arrangements and similar agreements.

Capital risk management

The Company's capital is represented by investor shares with no par value and with no voting rights. They are entitled for payment of a proportionate share based on the Company's net asset value per share on the redemption date.

The Company has the option to limit the number of Investor Shares in the fund repurchased on any redemption day to 10% of the total net asset value on that redemption day. The relevant movements are shown in the statement of changes in net assets attributable to holders of investor shares. The sub-fund endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investments while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemptions, such liquidity being augmented by short-term borrowings or disposal of listed securities where necessary.

#### 14. Salient statistics and information about the Company

Altinum Funds SICAV PLC ("the Company") is domiciled in Malta and registered as an Alternative Investor Fund licenced by the Malta Financial Services Authority as a multi fund- fund limited liability company with variable share capital targeting experienced investors.

The Company, to date, has established one sub-fund - Altinum Fund.

Net Asset Value per investor share

The Net Asset Value per share is determined by dividing the net asset value of investor shares by the shares in issue at the statement of financial position date.

	Altinum Fund Class A Number of shares 2021	Altinum Fund Total Number of shares 2021
Investor shares in issue as at 31 August 2021	299,051.8140	299,051.8140
	EUR	EUR
Net asset value of investor shares as per Statement of financial position and official valuation date 31 August		
2021	39,650,611	39,650,611

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31 August 2021

### 14. Salient statistics and information about the Company (continued)

	Altinum Fund Class A Number of shares 2020	Altinum Fund Total Number of shares 2020
Investor shares in issue as at 31 August 2020	293,985.0210	293,985.0210
	EUR	EUR
Net asset value of investor shares as per Statement of financial position and official valuation date 31 August 2020	35,191,245	35,191,245

### 15. Events after the reporting year

For the period from 1 September 2021 to the latest available published NAV, there have been subscription submissions of *EUR 460,000* and no redemption requests.

In the first quarter of 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global health pandemic due to the spread of the "COVID-19" virus. COVID-19 is causing significant market volatility. Although the pandemic broke out during the period covered by these financial statement, effects of this pandemic are still on-going and the situation continues to evolve subsequent to year end.



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Company Ref No: C51 312 VAT Reg No: MT2013 6121 Exemption number: EXO2155

### Independent auditor's report

to the members of Altinum Funds SICAV p.l.c

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Altinum Funds SICAV p.l.c. (the "Company") and its sub-fund, set out on pages 8 to 35, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 August 2021, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in net assets attributable to holders of investor shares and statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and its sub-fund as at 31 August 2021, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the EU and have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Maltese Companies Act (Cap. 386).

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants including International Independence Standards* (IESBA Code) together with the *Accountancy Profession (Code of Ethics for Warrant Holders) Directive* (Maltese Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Malta, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code and the Maltese Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Information Other than the Financial Statements and the Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Company Information on page 3, the investment manager's report on page 42, the Statement of Directors' responsibilities on page 7, the custodian's report on page 46 and the information included in the Directors' Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Except for our opinion on the Directors' Report in accordance with the Maltese Companies Act (Cap. 386), our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

With respect to the Directors' Report, we also considered whether the Directors' Report includes the disclosure requirements of Article 177 of the Companies Act (Cap. 386).

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### Independent auditor's report (continued)

to the members of Altinum Funds SICAV p.l.c

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

Information Other than the Financial Statements and the Auditor's Report Thereon (continued)
In accordance with the requirements of sub-article 179(3) of the Maltese Companies Act (Cap. 386) in relation to the Directors' Report on page 5, in our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- The information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- The Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company, its sub-fund and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

This report, including the opinions set out herein, has been prepared for the Company's members as a body in accordance with articles 179 and 179A of the Companies Act (Cap. 386).

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions in accordance with articles 179 and 179A of the Companies Act (Cap. 386). Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In terms of article 179A(4) of the Maltese Companies Act (Cap. 386), the scope of our audit does not include assurance on the future viability of the Company or that of its sub-fund or on the efficiency or effectiveness with which the directors have conducted or will conduct the affairs of the Company and its sub-fund. The financial position of the Company and/or its sub-fund may improve, deteriorate, or otherwise be subject to change as a consequence of decisions taken, or to be taken, by the management thereof, or may be impacted by events occurring after the date of this opinion, including, but not limited to, events of force majeure.

As such, our audit report on the Company's and its sub-fund's historical financial statements is not intended to facilitate or enable, nor is it suitable for, reliance by any person, in the creation of any projections or predictions, with respect to the future financial health and viability of the Company and/or its sub-fund, and cannot therefore be utilised or relied upon for the purpose of decisions regarding investment in, or otherwise dealing with (including but not limited to the extension of credit), the Company and/or its sub-fund. Any decision-making in this respect

should be formulated on the basis of a separate analysis, specifically intended to evaluate the prospects of the Company and/or its sub-fund, and to identify any facts or circumstances that may be materially relevant thereto.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
- The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

# Deloitte.

### Independent auditor's report (continued)

to the members of Altinum Funds SICAV p.l.c

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Company's and its sub-fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's or its sub-fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company and/or its sub-fund, to cease to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, in terms of generally accepted auditing standards, the absence of any reference to a material uncertainty about the Company's and/or its sub-fund's ability to continue as a going concern in our auditor's report should not be viewed as a guarantee as to the Company's and/or its sub-fund's ability to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

For the avoidance of doubt, any conclusions concerning the formulation of a view as to the manner in which financial risk is distributed between the various stakeholders cannot be reached on the basis of these financial statements alone and must necessarily be based on a broader analysis supported by additional information.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Under the Maltese Companies Act (Cap. 386), we have responsibilities to report to you if in our opinion:

- · Proper accounting records have not been kept;
- Proper returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us;
- The financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- We have been unable to obtain all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purpose of our audit.

We have nothing to report to you in respect of these responsibilities.

Sarah Curmi as Director

in the name and on behalf of

**Deloitte Audit Limited** 

Registered auditor

Central Business District, Birkirkara, Malta.

23 February 2022

### Portfolio statement

Year ended 31 August 2021

Quoted equities	Market Value 31.08.2021 EUR	% of NAV
Quotea equities		
JUNGFRAUBAHN HOLDING AG - REG VAUDOISE VERS N (SWI LISTING) AKKA TECHNOLOGIES AUTOSTRADE MERIDIONALI SPA AVIO SPA	327,590 339,965 470,000 914,785 164,935	0.83 0.86 1.18 2.31 0.42
BUZZI UNICEM SPA CEMENTIR HOLDING NV	293,701 351,205	0.74 0.88
CERVED INFORMATION SOLUTIONS COIMA RES SPA DELTICOM AG	296,400 51,310 85,200	0.75 0.13 0.21
EDISON SPA EDISON SPA-RSP ENAV SPA	88 184,411 192,088	0.00 0.46 0.48
FNM SPA GRAMMER AG	682,690 114,538	1.72 0.29
GRUPO CATALANA OCCIDENTE SA HAMBURGER HAFEN UND LOGISTIK HELLENIC EXCHANGES SA	192,600 201,528 129,050	0.48 0.51 0.32
IREN SPA ITALIAN WINE BRANDS SPA LACROIX INDUST STK (FRA LISTING)	87,483 684,857 240,826	0.22 1.73 0.61
NSI NV OHB SE	232,813 219,266	0.59 0.55
OPENJOBMETIS SPA AGENZIA ORSERO SPA OSAI AUTOMATION SYSTEM SPA	176,750 415,351 69,790	0.45 1.05 0.18
PITECO SPA POSTE ITALIANE SPA	752,232 172,275	1.90 0.43
PROFILE SYSTEMS & SOFTWARE S RAI WAY ORD RELATECH SPA	289,000 412,000 2,450	0.73 1.04 0.01
SCHALTBAU HOLDING AG SOL SPA SUEZ ENVIRONNEMENT SA	537,835 886,270	1.36 2.23
VIB VERMOEGEN AG WUESTENROT & WUERTTEMBERG	207,543 363,565 204,928	0.52 0.92 0.52
TRAINLINE PLC HAVILA KYSTRUTEN AS KOMPLETT BANK ASA	191,914 695,488 209,308	0.48 1.75
RESURS HOLDING AB DOLE PLC	209,308 211,665 854,622	0.53 0.53 2.16
Total Quoted Equities	13,110,315	33.06

# Portfolio statement (continued) Year ended 31 August 2021

Market Value 31.08.2021 EUR	% of NAV
1,852,923 993,690 500,730 7,566,900 101,980 522,830 123,079 154,359 1,313,510 1,379,700 522,920 1,005,410 2,015,080 6,500,000 493,712 25,046,823	4.67 2.51 1.26 19.08 0.26 1.32 0.31 0.39 3.31 3.48 1.32 2.54 5.08 16.39 1.25 63.17
3,920 <b>3,920</b>	0.01
209,560 <b>209,560</b>	0.53 <b>0.53</b>
(136,150) (53,300) (189,450)	(0.34) (0.14) (0.48)
	31.08.2021 EUR  1,852,923 993,690 500,730 7,566,900 101,980 522,830 123,079 154,359 1,313,510 1,379,700 522,920 1,005,410 2,015,080 6,500,000 493,712 25,046,823  3,920 3,920 209,560 209,560 (136,150) (53,300)

# Statement of changes in the Composition of the Portfolios Year ended 31 August 2021

	% of net assets 31.08.2021	% of net assets 31.08.2020
Quoted Equities	33.06	58.41
Quoted Bonds Quoted Exchange Traded Funds Quoted Equity Warrant Derivative Financial Liabilities	63.17 0.53 0.01 (0.48)	35.11 0.57 - (0.28)

### Investment manager's report

Year ended 31 August 2021

#### INTRODUCTION

Altinum Funds SIVAC plc is a collective investment scheme organized as a multi-fund limited liability investment company with variable share capital under the laws of the Republic of Malta and licensed by the Malta Financial Services Authority with License Number SV 309 under the Investment Services Act, Cap 370 of the Laws of Malta as an Alternative Investment Fund targeting Qualifying Investors and Professional Investors.

#### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective of Altinum Fund, a sub-fund of Altinum Funds SICAV plc, (the "Fund") is to invest in listed equities, bonds, derivative financial instruments and to a limited extent in unlisted equities, bonds and derivative financial instruments, in order to achieve capital appreciation and secondarily income in all market situations.

#### STRATEGY AND INVESTMENT POLICY

To obtain this investment objective and where the equity investment strategy is concerned, the Investment Manager strives to invest in equities which are expected to express a better performance than the relative market index. Futures and options on indexes and single stocks may be used to control and mitigate the overall risk of the portfolio.

Depending on market conditions, the Fund may also invest in cash or money market instruments. The Fund's investments have no geographical bias or be restricted to any particular market or industry. The Fund may also invest in regulated collective investment schemes whose investment objective may be similar to that of the Fund.

Within the investment objective, the Investment Manager has the necessary flexibility to exploit a very wide range of investment opportunities as they arise. The Investment Manager conducts research in order to identify suitable investment opportunities, evaluate their risk and profit potential, and invest when it deems appropriate. Investment decisions are based on analysis and research taking into account, among other factors, the relationship of book value to the market value of the securities, cash flow and the multiple of earnings. Each prospective security is examined separately.

The Fund may use any form of financial derivative technique for hedging and for investment purposes and for efficient portfolio management including repurchase/reverse repurchase agreements for one or more of the following specific aims: (a) the reduction of risk; (b) the reduction of cost; and/or (c) the generation of additional capital or income for the Fund. In addition, the Fund may invest and/or hedge its currency exposure by entering into futures, options, derivatives, and foreign exchange transactions.

### Investment manager's report (continued)

Year ended 31 August 2021

Additionally, the Fund may temporarily invest up to 100% of the Net Asset Value in credit instruments to allow for the time needed to research new opportunities in the preferred investment areas and execute the said investments. Such credit instruments must, in the opinion of the Investment Manager be liquid credit instruments, and may include but are not limited to on-demand government bonds.

The Fund does not have a benchmark index. The Fund's total value can fluctuate and capital is not guaranteed.

#### REPORT OF THE INVESTMENT MANAGER

During the financial year from 1<sup>st</sup> September 2020 to 31<sup>st</sup> August 2021, Altinum Fund returned +10.76%. We note that the average 3-month Euribor over the same period was -0.53%.

The Fund aims to generate a positive return with a low volatility regardless of market conditions. This is done by deploying the assets of the Fund through various strategies which we will elaborate on below.

#### **Bonds**

As at end August 2021, approximately 62% of the portfolio of the Fund was held in bonds, significantly up from 32% a year earlier.

The largest holding in the Fund – the Greenyard NV 3.75% December 2021 convertible bond – also generated the largest gain in absolute terms in the year under review. During the financial year, Greenyard demonstrated improving profitability, carried out a capital increase and also announced the successful conclusion of negotiations with its debt providers which included obtaining the required financing for the repayment of the 2021 convertible bond. As a result, the bond price improved from €87 at the start of the financial year to €100.9 at the close of the financial year. The position was increased throughout the period and as at end August, this holding makes up 18.7% of the portfolio.

The second largest gain from the bond portion of the Fund came from the Fund's holding in the Marcolin floating rate 2023 bond. At the beginning of the financial year, a position of 4.6% of the Fund was held in this bond with a market price of €89.08 and an average cost price of €79.3. In May 2021, the issuer called this bond at 100% of the principal. The company refinanced this bond with a new issue: the Marcolin 6.125% 2026 issue. The Fund reinvested a small part of the proceeds from the called bond into this new bond (0.4% of the Fund as at end August 2021).

During the financial year, the Fund also built a position of 5% of the Fund in the Sofima Holding SpA floating rate 2028 bond. This bond was issued to partly finance the acquisition of Industria Macchine Automatiche SpA (I.M.A.) by IMA Bidco SpA (a subsidiary of the issuer and a guarantor of the bond). A 2.5% position was built in a bond with a similar structure: the Rossini floating rate 2025 bond.

### Investment manager's report (continued)

Year ended 31 August 2021

As the Manager recognizes the increasing risk of rising inflation and rising interest rates on the bond holdings in the Fund, the Manager a) increased the short in the BTP futures from 7.5% of the Fund as at the start of the financial year to 18.5% at the end of the financial year and b) increased the exposure to floating rate bonds such as the Sofima Holding and Rossini bonds mentioned above. Subsequent to the end of the financial year, a further short position of 5% of the Fund was created in futures of German bunds.

#### **Equities**

At the end of the financial year, approximately 33% of the Fund was held in equities, comprising of both long-term holdings in small to mid-caps as well as special situations.

#### a) Small to mid-cap holdings

The best performing equity holding in the year under review (and the second largest gain overall) was Italian Wine Brands SpA, the price of which rose from €16.30 to €47.30 during the financial year. Besides displaying strong growth and continuously improving profitability, the share price also benefitted from the company's acquisition of Enoitalia SpA, which took place at multiples lower than the company's own multiples at the time, and led to the creation of Italy's leading private wine group.

The second largest gain in terms of equities (and the third largest gain overall) came from SOL SpA. This company also demonstrated strong levels of growth, both in terms of revenue and profits. As a result, the share price increased by 78.8% during the financial year.

As in previous years, the exposure to the Italian equity portfolio was tactically hedged with a short position in FTSEMIB Index futures in order to lower the volatility of the performance of the Fund and to partially hedge the country risk of Italy.

#### b) Special Situations

The Fund also invests in securities which are undergoing special situations. For example, for companies that are subject to a takeover offer, the Manager may buy the share at a certain percentage below the offer price and then tender the shares into the offer if the risk/reward is deemed to be attractive.

The largest gain under this section was CPL Resources plc – an Irish recruitment and temporary work company. On 4<sup>th</sup> November 2020, a cash offer for all CPL Resources shares was announced at €11.25 per share by Outsourcing Talent Ireland Limited. A position of 1.4% of the Fund was already held in CPL Resources before the announcement of the cash offer (as part of the small-cap strategy) and after the announcement, the position in CPL Resources was increased at an average price of €11.13 to nearly 10% of the Fund. The payment date of the offer price was on 3<sup>rd</sup> February 2021.

### Investment manager's report (continued)

Year ended 31 August 2021

#### **SPACs**

As anticipated in the previous Manager's Report, the SPACs that were held in the portfolio during the financial year (namely Life Care Capital SpA and Spactiv SpA) were liquidated by the end of 2020. Due to the lack of new opportunities available under this strategy, no new SPACs were invested in in 2021 and the proceeds from the SPACs were reinvested in the other strategies mentioned above.

#### Conclusion

The Manager will continue to deploy the assets of the Fund in the manner described above: in attractive fixed income opportunities whilst protecting the bond portfolio from interest rate risks, in small to mid-caps which the Manager deems to be undervalued and attractive from a fundamental point of view over the medium to long term whilst hedging against market risk, and in special situation opportunities that arise from time to time with an attractive risk/reward profile.



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### The Directors

Altinum Funds SICAV p.l.c. Quad Central, Q3 Level 9 Triq L-Esportaturi, Zone 1 Central Business District, Birkirkara CBD 1040 Malta

28th January 2022

### Custodian's Report

As Custodian to *Altinum Fund* ("the Sub-fund"), sub-fund of *Altinum Fund SICAV plc* ("the Scheme"), we hereby confirm having enquired into the conduct of the Scheme in relation to the above mentioned Sub-fund for the period 1<sup>st</sup> September 2020 until 31<sup>st</sup> August 2021 and confirm that during this period:

- the Sub-fund was managed in accordance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers of the respective sub-fund by its constitutional documents and by the Malta Financial Services Authority;
- II. And in accordance with the provision of the constitutional documents and the License Conditions.

Paul Mifsud

Managing Director

o.b.o.

Sparkasse Bank Malta p.l.c.

Anna Mironova

Head of Securities & Custody and Depositary Services